Committee Date	13/10/2022			
Address	1 St Augustine's Avenue Bickley Bromley BR2 8AG)		
Application Number	21/03541/FULL1 Officer - Susanna Stevenson			
Ward	Bickley	<u>.</u>		
Proposal	Proposed demolition of existing bungalow and the construction of two pairs of semi-detached houses (4 x 2 bed units), with off street parking and amenity space.			
Applicant		Agent		
Ms B Keeper and I	Ms D Sullivan	Ms Jo Task	er	
C/o Agent			Anniversary House 23 Abbott Road Bournemouth BH9 1EU	
Reason for referra	al to Call-In		Councillor call in Yes	

RECOMMENDATION PERMISSION

KEY DESIGNATIONS

Biggin Hill Safeguarding Area London City Airport Safeguarding Open Space Deficiency Smoke Control SCA 13 Smoke Control SCA 12

Land use Details	3	
	Use Class or Use	
	description	Floor space (GIA SQM)

Existing	Single storey residential dwelling (C3)	233 SQM
Proposed	4 No. 2 bedroom two storey dwellinghouses (C3)	355.6 SQM

Residential Use					
	Number of bedrooms per unit				
	1	2	3	4 Plus	Total / Payment in lieu
Market		4			
Affordable (shared ownership)					
Affordable (social rent)					
Total		4			

+3	
0	
cle stores + 4 n	no. cycle stores
_	

Electric car charging points	2/4

Representation summary	The application was advertised by way of a site notice displayed on 19th August 2021.
	Letters were sent to neighbouring residents on 17 th August 2021 and

again on 28 th April 2022 following the receipt of a revised drawing on 19 th April 2022.		
Total number of responses	19	
Number in support	0	
Number of objections	19	

1. SUMMARY OF KEY REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATION

- The proposal would provide 4 no. residential dwellings (3 additional to existing land use), making a minor contribution to housing supply in the Borough
- There would be no significant impact on residential amenities
- The proposed development would be of an acceptable design and would not harm the visual amenities of the street scene or the area in general
- The accommodation provided would be of a satisfactory standard
- Subject to conditions, the flood risk of the development is acceptable
- The proposal would result in the loss of one on-street parking bay there are no technical highways objections to the proposals with regards to on-site parking provision and impact on road safety

2. LOCATION



Figure 1 – site location plan

2.1 The site is located on the west side of St Augustine's Avenue and comprises an irregular-shaped plot that hosts a detached single storey dwelling. The site formerly

- included the triangular shaped plot at which 2 dwellings (a semi-detached pair, Nos. 1A and 1B) have recently been constructed.
- 2.2 To the north of the site in St Augustine's Avenue there are semi-detached chalet style properties in a mock Tudor style. To the east of the site (on the other side of the road) is the library building and a dance studio. To the rear (west) of the site is a public pedestrian footpath beyond which are properties fronting Salisbury Road. The pedestrian access way also forms the culverted section of the River Ravensbourne (east branch).
- 2.2 The site is not in a conservation area nor is the building listed. The site is located in Flood Zones 2 and 3.



Figure 2 Front of site, with 5 St. Augustine's Avenue to the right



Figure 3 Front of site, with new dwellings at 1A and 1B to left

3. PROPOSAL

3.1 Planning permission is sought for the demolition of the existing single storey dwelling and the construction of 2 pairs of semi-detached two storey dwellings.



Figure 4 Proposed site plan

- 3.2 The proposed dwellings would be sited to either side of a proposed parking and turning area. The separation between the two pairs of dwellings would be approx. 9m. The southern dwelling would be sited approx. 2m to 3.2m from the southern boundary with the new dwellings at 1A and 1B St. Augustine's Avenue. The northern dwelling would retain a separation to the northern boundary with No. 5 St. Augustine's Avenue of approx. 3.4 3.9m.
- 3.3 The eaves height of the dwellings would be approx. 5.33m and the height to the ridge would be approx. 8.08m.
- 3.4 The site is not uniformly deep, as a consequence of the which front elevation of the proposed pair of dwellings to the southern side of the plot would be set slightly forward of the proposed pair of dwellings on the northern side of the site, so as to provide a reasonable rear garden depth for the units set within the shallower part of the site.
- 3.5 The proposed dwellings would each provide 2 no. double bedrooms at first floor level with a kitchen/diner and separate living room on the ground floor. The Gross Internal Area (GIA) of each 2 bedroom/4 person dwelling would be 82.6 sqm.

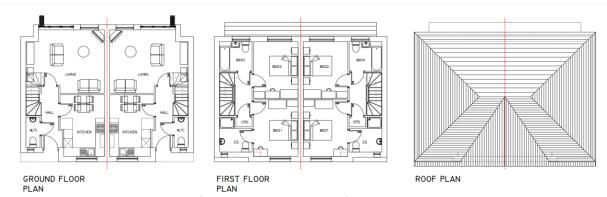


Figure 5 - Proposed floor plans

3.6 The dwellings are designed with a shared front gable feature roof with a hipped roof to each side and a set-back at first floor from the front elevation. The materials would comprise brick facing to the ground floor with rendered panels, with the first and gable elevations white rendered. The roofs would be of plain clay (dark red) roof tiles and windows would be dark grey aluminium framed.



EAST FACING STREET SCENE ELEVATION

Figure 6 - Street scene elevation

4. RELEVANT PLANNING HISTORY

4.1 The relevant planning history is summarised as follows:

83/00055/FUL: Attached car port. Approved 16.03.1983.

84/02977/FUL: Single storey side extension. Approved 19.12.1984

4.2 Severance part of original site - now 1A and 1B St. Augustine's Avenue

18/00007/FULL1: Erection of a pair of two bedroom semi-detached houses. Refused 27.04.2018. Subsequent appeal dismissed.

18/00009/FULL1: Erection of pair of two bedroom semi-detached houses. Refused 27.04.2018. Subsequent appeal allowed.

18/00009/AMD: Non-material amendment to approved scheme to reposition internal stairway and change to front window. APPROVED.

18/00009/AMD2: Non-material amendment to approved scheme to alter vehicular access. AMENDMENT REQUIRES PLANNING PERMISSION

18/00009/CONDIT: Discharge of conditions 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, and 9 of permission 18/00009/FULL1 (allowed on appeal) Conditions discharged.

18/00009/RECON: Minor material amendment under S73 to allow variation of permission 18/00009/FULL1 to reduce building footprint and amend the siting of the building. Approved.

- 4.3 These applications were assessed concurrently at appeal and were subject of a joint decision notice. The main issues in both appeals were considered to be the effect of the proposals on the character and appearance of the area, the impact of the proposal on local flood risk and implications for the access to and maintenance of the culverted watercourse and the effect of the proposals on highway safety.
- 4.4 With regards to character and appearance, the Inspector reasoned that the setting of the appeal site and significant distance from No. 1 resulted in the site being "effectively divorced from the characteristic residential style and development pattern beyond." It was considered that that if developed as proposed in each case, the contextual setting would mean that there would be limited physical form to which the new dwellings could meaningfully relate. Standing alone, the proposed dwellings would not have an adverse impact on the character of the street scene and the loss of the long stretch of fencing and high coniferous hedgerow was not considered unacceptable.

- 4.5 Both designs (Appeal A having a hip-ended form and Appeal B, a gabled roof) were considered acceptable in terms of their design and impact on the street scene. The separation distance proposed was also considered acceptable.
- 4.6 As the site was considered by the Inspector to be "something of an anomaly" it was not considered likely that the proposals would have set an undesirable pattern for piecemeal unacceptable infilling in the area. Both proposals were considered to be an acceptable form of development in relation to their siting, design, scale and integration with the street scene.

5. CONSULTATION SUMMARY

A) Statutory

• Environment Agency No objection

No objection subject to conditions which are required in order to avoid the development of the site posing an unacceptable risk to the culverted river and to flood risk locally.

Highways No objection

The new crossover will result in the loss of one on-street parking bay – while disappointing this is not a sustainable ground for refusal.

The 4 spaces proposed for the units accords with the Bromley Local Plan standards and slightly exceeds London Plan standards

The swept path shows that vehicles can turn on site although the manoeuvres are somewhat complicated, which may result in drivers preferring to reverse.

A Stage 1 Road Safety Audit was supplied which does not include a parking survey but is more concerned with the built aspects of the proposal – specifically the access, and no concerns or issues were raised.

Proposal should have no impact on registered footpath 141. An informative on any permission should highlight the need to safeguard pedestrians using the alley.

Drainage No objection

Incorporation of water butts and raingarden planters is welcomed. Condition recommended to ensure implementation of the sustainable drainage proposals within the SUDS report.

B) Local Groups

No comments received.

C) Adjoining Occupiers

Impact on character/design (addressed at paragraph 7.2)

- The design of the proposed development would appear out of character with existing development in the street
- The area is characterised by uniform appearance and consistently large gardens, driveways and turning spaces within residential plots
- Proposal would appear cramped relative to the existing street scene
- Proposal would result in 6 dwellings (2 constructed and 4 proposed) on the original site of the bungalow at No. 1

Impact on residential amenity (addressed at paragraph 7.3)

- The proposal will result in loss of privacy to neighbouring properties at the rear (Salisbury Road) contrary to ECHR
- Loss of sunlight (Salisbury Road)
- Visual impact

Parking and highways (addressed at paragraph 7.5)

- Will result in traffic congestion associated with the narrowing of the road at location of the dance school which has classes from 9am until 8 and operates 7 days a week including parties
- Street parking already problem associated with the existing dance studio and library as well as nearby retail food outlets
- Parents already double park near the dance school entrance or across white lines at No. 1, sometimes with engines idling
- St. Augustine's Avenue also used for commuter parking
- Proposal will remove 4 on street spaces as the new residents will use the existing on street spaces (assuming 2 cars per household)
- Loss of parking space for 2nd driveway
- 2 car parking spaces should be provided for each dwelling
- The development at 1A and 1B has impacted on parking availability, even with the dance studio operating at reduced capacity due to Covid 19
- Will result in parking obstructing residents' driveways, increase congestion and impact on road safety, along with deliveries and servicing resulting in congestion
- The turning area is impractical and may lead to residents waiting in the street to access the area and the on-site parking spaces unlikely to be used
- Reports submitted on traffic not representative in view of their timings. Road Safety Audit was undertaken during half term
- Will impact adversely on the business opposite (Studio 74)

Flooding and drainage (addressed at paragraph 7.8)

- Development is in high flood-risk area and the proposal will increase surface water/site coverage
- Impact on structure of culvert
- Impact on foul sewer system

Other matters

- Impact on property values
- Unlikely to be family housing
- There is a covenant limiting the number of dwellings on each plot
- Impact of period of construction noise and dust and upon shift workers
- Preferable for there to be 2 three bedroom dwellings

6. POLICIES AND GUIDANCE

National Policy Framework 2021

NPPG

The London Plan (2021)

- D1 London's form and characteristics
- D2 Infrastructure requirements for sustainable densities
- D3 Optimising site capacity through the design-led approach
- D4 Delivering good design
- D5 Inclusive design
- D6 Housing quality and standards
- D7 Accessible housing
- D11 Safety, security and resilience to emergency
- D12 Fire safety
- D13 Agent of change
- D14 Noise
- H1 Increasing Housing Supply
- H2 Small sites
- H5 Threshold Approach to application
- H8 Loss of existing housing and estate redevelopment
- H9 Ensuring the best use of stock
- H10 Housing Size Mix
- S4 Play and informal recreation
- G5 Urban greening
- G6 Biodiversity and access to nature
- G7 Trees and woodlands
- SI1 Improving air quality
- SI4 Managing heat risk
- SI5 Water infrastructure
- SI7 Reducing waste and supporting the circular economy
- SI12 Flood risk management
- SI13 Sustainable drainage
- T2 Healthy Streets

- T3 Transport capacity, connectivity and safeguarding
- T4 Assessing and mitigating transport impacts
- T5 Cvclina
- Car parking T6
- T6.1 Residential Parking
- Deliveries, servicing and construction T7

Bromley Local Plan 2019

- 1 Housing supply
- Housing design 4
- 8 Side Space
- 30 Parking
- 32 Road Safety
- 33 Access for All
- 34 Highway Infrastructure Provision
- 37 General design of development
- 77 Landscape Quality and Character
- 112 Planning for Sustainable Waste management
- 113 Waste Management in New Development
- 115 Reducing flood risk
- 116 Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems (SUDS)
- 117 Water and Wastewater Infrastructure Capacity
- 118 Contaminated Land
- 119 Noise Pollution
- 120 Air Quality
- 121 Ventilation and Odour Control
- 122 Light Pollution
- 123 Sustainable Design and Construction
- 124 Carbon dioxide reduction, Decentralise Energy networks and Renewable Energy

Supplementary Guidance

Housing: Supplementary Planning Guidance. (March 2016)

Technical housing standards - Nationally Described Space Standard (March 2015)

SPG1 General Design Principles SPG2 Residential Design Guidance

National Design Guide - (September 2019)

7. ASSESSMENT

7.1 Principle of development **Acceptable**

7.1.1 The current position in respect of Bromley's Five Year Housing Land Supply (FYHLS) was agreed at Development Control Committee on 2nd November 2021. The current position is that the FYHLS (covering the period 2021/22 to 2025/26) is 3,245 units, or 3.99 years supply. This is acknowledged as a significant undersupply and for the purposes of assessing relevant planning applications means that the presumption in favour of sustainable development will apply.

- 7.1.2 According to paragraph 11(d) of the NPPF in the absence of a 5 year Housing Land Supply the Council should regard the Development Plan Policies for the supply of housing including Policy 1 Housing Supply of the Bromley Local Plan as being 'out of date'. In accordance with paragraph 11(d), for decision taking this means where there are no relevant development plan policies or the policies which are most important for determining the application are out-of-date, granting permission unless:
 - i) the application of policies in this Framework that protect areas or assets of particular importance provides a clear reason for refusing the development proposed; or
 - ii) any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in this Framework taken as a whole.
- 7.1.3 Policy H2 requires Boroughs to pro-actively support well-designed new homes on small sites (below 0.25 hectares in size). Policy D3 requires all development to make the best use of land by following a design led approach.
- 7.1.4 This application includes the provision of 3 additional residential dwellings (above the existing 1 residential dwelling on the application site) and would represent a minor contribution to the supply of housing within the Borough. This will be considered in the overall planning balance set out in the conclusion of this report, having regard to the presumption in favour of sustainable development.
- 7.1.5 The site is currently developed for a single unit of occupancy for residential use. A higher density residential infill development is not unacceptable in principle (and has indeed been established through the appeal-allowed development comprising the construction of 2 dwellings on the severance part of the site to the south of the current red line site. It is necessary however for the design of development to complement the character of surrounding developments, the design and layout to provide suitable residential accommodation, including satisfactory garden and amenity space. Any adverse impact on neighbouring amenity, conservation and historic issues, biodiversity or open space will also need to be addressed.
- 7.1.6 Policy D3 Optimising site capacity through the design-led approach (new London Plan) sets out in Clause A that:
 - A. All development must make the best use of land by following a design led approach that optimises the capacity of sites, including site allocations. The design-led approach requires consideration of design options to determine the most appropriate form of development that responds to a site's context and capacity for growth, and existing and planned supporting infrastructure capacity (as set out in

- Policy D2 Infrastructure requirements for sustainable densities), and that best delivers the requirements set out in Part B.
- 7.1.7 The proposed development would provide 4 dwellings on a site with an area of 0.09ha. This is considered an acceptable amount of development at this location given the available site area notwithstanding the findings of a contextual analysis in terms of the design and impact of development detailed below.

7.2 Design Acceptable

- 7.2.1 Design is a key consideration in the planning process. Good design is an important aspect of sustainable development, is indivisible from good planning, and should contribute positively to making places better for people.
- 7.2.2 The NPPF (2021) states that the creation of high quality buildings and places is fundamental to what the planning and development process should achieve. Good design is a key aspect of sustainable development, creates better places in which to live and work and helps make development acceptable to communities.
- 7.2.3 Local Planning Authorities are required to ensure that developments will function well and add to the overall quality of the area, not just for the short term but over the lifetime of the development; are visually attractive as a result of good architecture, layout and appropriate and effective landscaping and are sympathetic to local character and history, including the surrounding built environment and landscape setting, while not preventing or discouraging appropriate innovation or change (such as increased densities).
- 7.2.4 New development shall also establish or maintain a strong sense of place, using the arrangement of streets, spaces, building types and materials to create attractive, welcoming and distinctive places to live, work and visit; optimise the potential of the site to accommodate and sustain an appropriate amount and mix of development (including green and other public space) and support local facilities and transport networks; and create places that are safe, inclusive and accessible and which promote health and well-being, with a high standard of amenity for existing and future users and where crime and disorder, and the fear of crime, do not undermine the quality of life or community cohesion and resilience.
- 7.2.5 London Plan and Bromley Local Plan further reinforce the principles of the NPPF setting out a clear rationale for high quality design.
- 7.2.6 Policy D3 of the London Plan specifies that development must make the best use of land by following a design-led approach, providing optimised development that is of the most appropriate form and land use for the site, taking into account a site's capacity for growth in tandem with its context. Development proposals should deliver buildings that positively respond to local distinctiveness through their layout, scale, orientation, appearance and shape, having appropriate regard to existing and emerging building types, forms and proportions.

- 7.2.7 Policy 4 of the Local Plan details that all new housing developments will need to achieve a high standard of design and layout. The Council will expect all of the following requirements to be demonstrated: The site layout, buildings and space around buildings be designed to a high quality, recognising as well as complimenting the qualities of the surrounding areas; compliance to minimum internal space standards for dwellings; provision of sufficient external, private amenity space; provision of play space, provision of parking integrated within the overall design of the development; density that has regard to the London Plan density matrix whilst respecting local character; layout giving priority to pedestrians and cyclists over vehicles; safety and security measures included in the design and layout of buildings; be accessible and adaptable dwellings.
- 7.2.8 Policy 8 of the Local Plan details that when considering applications for new residential development, including extensions, the Council will normally require for a proposal of two or more storeys in height, a minimum 1 metre space from the side boundary of the site should be retained for the full height and length of the building or where higher standards of separation already exist within residential areas, proposals will be expected to provide a more generous side space.
- 7.2.9 Policy 37 of the Local Plan details that all development proposals, including extensions to existing buildings, will be expected to be of a high standard of design and layout. To summarise developments will be expected to meet all of the following criteria where they are relevant; be imaginative and attractive to look at, of a good architectural quality and should complement the scale, proportion, form, layout and materials of adjacent buildings and areas; positively contribute to the existing street scene and/or landscape and respect important views, heritage assets, skylines, landmarks or landscape features; create attractive settings; allow for adequate daylight and sunlight to penetrate in and between buildings; respect the amenity of occupiers of neighbouring buildings and those of future occupants; be of a sustainable design and construction; accessible to all; secure; include; suitable waste and refuse facilities and respect non designated heritage assets.
- 7.2.10 In terms of the context of the site, the Appeal decision and findings of the Planning Inspector relating to planning permission 18/00009/FULL1 carries some weight in the consideration of the development of the severed bungalow site and the allowed development of the recently constructed semi-detached houses in the garden of No1 St Augustine Avenue.
- 7.2.11 Importantly the Inspector made references to the significant separation of that site from the bungalow and that the site was effectively divorced from the characteristic residential style and development pattern beyond to the north. It was concluded that the site's particular contextual setting would mean that there would be little physical form which the new dwellings could meaningfully relate to.
- 7.2.12 The site of the bungalow, however, is different and closer to existing dwellings on St Augustine's Avenue to the north and therefore can be said to relate to that context. The design and external detailing of the dwellings visually bridges the external finish, scale and bulk of the new dwellings to the north and the established street scene to the south, formed of the semi-detached dwelling with their

- prominent shared front gables with side extension at roof level of varying scales and detailing.
- 7.2.13 The design of the pairs of dwellings includes shared front gable features with set-back side hipped roof elements akin to the first floor extensions evident within some of the existing dwellings within St. Augustine's Avenue. To the left, the development would juxtapose with the new dwellings at 1A and 1B and to the right, with the dwelling at No. 5. It is considered that the design within this application responds to the appearance of dwellings on either side of the site, bridging in terms of design features the somewhat disparate appearance of the new-build dwellings at Nos. 1A and 1B and the original dwellings to the north.



Figure 7 - Proposed street scene elevation



Figure 8 - Nos. 1A and 1B to the south



Figure 9 No 5 St. Augustine's Avenue to the north

7.2.14 While the proposed parking area between the buildings would introduce a hard-surfaced gap in the street scene which would not immediately incorporate planting and landscaping of the verdant quality found within the existing street scene, the site plan includes small landscaped areas to either side of the access point which would provide adequate space for softening landscaping to successfully screen the full visual impact of the parking area in the middle of the site as viewed from the street. It is noted that the development allowed on appeal at Nos. 1A and 1B to the south of the site is more exposed and provided less space for frontage softening parking than is the case with the current proposal as a consequence of the more generous space to the front of the proposed buildings.



Figure 10 - Car parking arrangement allowed on appeal at Nos. 1A and 1B

7.2.15 Representations have been received stating that the proposed development would not be consistent with the existing character of St. Augustine's Avenue in terms of spaciousness and external appearance. However, taking into account the design of the dwellings, the juxtaposition with existing dwellings to either side and the space maintained between the buildings on the site, and to the neighbouring dwellings, it is not considered that the scope of the development would be significantly out of character with or detrimental to the visual amenities of the area.

7.3 Neighbourhood amenity Acceptable

- 7.3.1 Policy 37 of the Local Plan seeks to respect the amenity of occupiers of neighbouring buildings and those of future occupants, providing healthy environments and ensuring they are not harmed by noise and disturbance, inadequate daylight, sunlight, privacy or by overshadowing.
- 7.3.2 Policy 4 of the Bromley Local Plan also seeks to protect existing residential occupiers from inappropriate development. Issues to consider are the impact of a development proposal upon neighbouring properties by way of overshadowing, loss of light, overbearing impact, overlooking, loss of privacy and general noise and disturbance.
- 7.3.3 In determining any application, a key consideration would be the impact of the development on the amenities of neighbouring properties.

- 7.3.4 In terms of outlook, the fenestration arrangement will provide front and rear outlook that will mainly overlook to the frontage areas east to the street scene and west to the rear over proposed garden curtilage. Significant space of approx. 40m space is retained between the rear elevations of the buildings and the rear elevation of the existing dwellings fronting Salisbury Road, with separation of approx. 11m to the rearmost part of the gardens of these properties.
- 7.3.5 With regards to the impact of the proposal on the amenities of the nearest neighbouring dwellings in St. Augustine's Avenue, the footprint of the proposed development would not project significantly to the front or rear of these properties, the flank elevation of the southern neighbouring dwelling is blank and the flank elevation of No. 5 to the south includes 2 no. obscure glazed windows at first floor level.
- 7.3.6 While there would be limited, oblique, views from the first floor rear facing windows of the dwellings towards the southern and northern neighbouring dwellings, there would not be a significant loss of privacy taking into account the field of vision and the suburban location of the site.
- 7.3.7 Representations have been received referring to the potential loss of privacy to properties at the rear, fronting Salisbury Road and stating that this would be contrary to Article 8 of the ECHR which relates to respect for private life, family life and privacy at home and in correspondence. It is not considered, in view of the suburban location of the development, the significant separation to the rear which includes the width of the public footpath over the culvert, with each boundary onto this public footpath being quite densely vegetated, that the proposal would result in an interference with the right to private life enshrined within the ECHR. Notwithstanding the assessment that the proposal would not significantly reduce the privacy or neighbouring sites through overlooking or other impacts, the right under Article 8 is qualified, and must be balanced with competing interests and rights, including the economic benefits of development along with the contribution that development can make to housing supply.



Figure 11 - Location plan showing development in relation to boundaries

7.3.8 Concern has also been expressed regarding the visual impact of the proposal on neighbouring amenity. It is noted that the development lies opposite the library and dance school, and that the front and rear elevations broadly align with and are reasonably separated from neighbouring dwellings to either side. This in tandem with the considerable separation to the rear, to the gardens of dwellings fronting Salisbury Road and the acceptability of the design of the development is considered to result in development that would not have an excessive or detrimental visual impact.

7.4 Standard of residential accommodation Acceptable

- 7.4.1 In March 2015 the Government published The National Technical Housing Standards. This document prescribes internal space within new dwellings and is suitable for application across all tenures. It sets out requirements for the Gross Internal (floor) Area of new dwellings at a defined level of occupancy as well as floor areas and dimensions for key parts of the home, notably bedrooms, storage and floor to ceiling height. The Gross Internal Areas in this standard will not be adequate for wheelchair housing (Category 3 homes in Part M of the Building Regulations) where additional internal area is required to accommodate increased circulation and functionality to meet the needs of wheelchair households.
- 7.4.2 Policy 4 of the Local Plan sets out the requirements for new residential development to ensure a good standard of amenity for future occupiers. The

Mayor's Housing SPG sets out guidance in respect of the standard required for all new residential accommodation to supplement London Plan policies. The standards apply to new build, conversion and change of use proposals.

- 7.4.3 Part 2 of the Housing SPG deals with the quality of residential accommodation setting out standards for dwelling size, room layouts and circulation space, storage facilities, floor to ceiling heights, outlook, daylight and sunlight, external amenity space (including refuse and cycle storage facilities) as well as core and access arrangements to reflect the Governments National Technical Housing Standards.
- 7.4.4 The London Plan makes clear that ninety percent of new housing should meet Building Regulation requirement M4 (2) 'accessible and adaptable dwellings' and ten per cent of new housing should meet Building Regulation requirement M4 (3) 'wheelchair user dwellings', i.e. is designed to be wheelchair accessible, or easily adaptable for residents who are wheelchair users. It is required that compliance with this standard should be demonstrated with any future submission by way of a separate Part M compliance statement.
- 7.4.5 The nationally described space standard requires various Gross Internal Areas in relation to number of bedrooms and person occupation. The proposed two bed four person houses require a minimum floorspace of 79m² over two levels as indicated. The stated GIA is 82.6m² which is compliant with the nationally described space standard.
- 7.4.6 From the information provided the shape and room size of the rooms are considered satisfactory. None of the rooms would have a particularly convoluted layout which would limit their use.
- 7.4.7 In terms of amenity space, the depth of the rear garden is of sufficient proportion to provide a usable space for the purposes of each two bedroom dwellinghouses.

7.5 Highways Acceptable

- 7.5.1 The NPPF recognises that transport policies have an important role to play in facilitating sustainable development but also in contributing to wider sustainability and health objectives. The NPPF clearly states that transport issues should be considered from the earliest stage of both plan making and when formulating development proposals and development should only be prevented or refused on transport grounds where the residual cumulative impacts of development are severe.
- 7.5.2 London Plan and Local Plan Policies encourage sustainable transport modes whilst recognising the need for appropriate parking provision. Car parking standards within the London Plan and Local Plan should be used as a basis for assessment.
- 7.5.3 The proposal would provide 3 car parking spaces (including 2 with electric vehicle charging points) between the pairs of dwellings, with a further space to the northern side of house 1 (1 space per proposed dwelling). Cycle storage is proposed to be

- provided by way of detached cycle stores to the side of the outer dwellings, and within the rear gardens of units 2 and 3.
- 7.5.4 The application is supported by a Stage 1 Road Safety Audit and vehicle tracking diagrams. During the course of the application a revised proposed layout/site plan was received which corrected the plotting of existing on street parking bays.
- 7.5.5 As existing, it is noted that there are 5 full spaces and a short space in front of the site. The revised proposed drawings indicate that the proposal includes the removal of one parking space in front of the site so as to provide the centrally-positioned access to the parking area between the pairs of semi-detached dwellings.



Figure 12 - On-street parking in front of application site

- 7.5.6 It is acknowledged that a number of objections have been received expressing concern at the impact of the proposal on on-street parking capacity in the locality, along with on highways safety. Concern has also been expressed regarding the timing of the Road Safety Audit submitted with the application which was submitted in October 2021 in response to initial highways comments. Since the submission the application proposals have been reviewed by the highways officers again in November 2021 and in February 2022 when it was noted that the revised plan appeared to inaccurately indicate the existing parking bays on the street. A further revised plan was received on 28th February 2022 and subsequent (final) comments from the highways officer confirmed the loss of one on-street parking bay which, while disappointing was not considered to represent a sustainable ground for refusal.
- 7.5.7 While the proposal would result in the loss of one on-street car parking space, the proposal is considered to include sufficient on-site car parking provision to meet the needs of the proposed 2 bedroom dwellings. Four spaces will be provided for the 4

no. dwellings proposed to be constructed. It is recognised that there is some ongoing concern relating to the activities at the nearby dance school and the extent to which these attract anti-social or inconsiderate parking at times, as well as the potential that the proposal will increase safety risk for the users of the dance school. The concern has been expressed that the proposal, if the parking spaces associated with the proposed dwellings are not used in favour of the on-street spaces in front of the site, will lead to additional demand for on-street parking further along the cul-de-sac.

- 7.5.8 While these concerns are noted, the highways officer has raised no objections to the proposal and has commented that while the loss of one parking bay on-street is regrettable this would not amount to an impact on the highway that would represent a ground for refusal of planning permission.
- 7.5.9 It may be that, outside of the planning regime, local restrictions or other measures could be adopted to address any on-going conflict between residential and commercial parking, including the alleged parking by persons commuting by bus into the town centre. This is outside of planning control however, and the assessment of the development as being acceptable from a highways perspective does not preclude other measures being capable of being adopted in the interest of addressing residents' concerns over the conflict between residential and commercial parking.
- 7.5.10 It is noted that the London Plan parking standards specify a maximum on-site residential provision of 0.75 parking spaces per unit (taking into account the PTAL rating and size of units) and as such the proposal would slightly exceed that maximum. However it is noted that the proposal does include the loss of 1 no. on street parking space, and in this context the oversupply of parking relative to the London Plan Standards is considered on balance to be acceptable. The proposals include a turning area between the pairs of houses, and the car parking space arrangement to Unit 1 are consistent with the existing arrangement associated with the existing bungalow. The submitted Road Safety Audit assessed the highways safety associated with the dwellings, in terms specifically of the built aspects of the proposal the siting relative to junctions, road signs, carriageway markings and historical Personal Injury Collision data.
- 7.5.11 Taking the above into account it is considered that the proposed development is acceptable from a highways and road safety perspective.

7.6 Trees and landscaping Acceptable

- 7.6.1 Policy 73 of the Local Plan states that proposals for new development will be required to take particular account of existing trees on the site and on adjoining land, which in the interests of visual amenity and/or wildlife habitat, are considered desirable to be retained.
- 7.6.2 Policy 77 of the Local Plan states that development proposals will seek to safeguard the quality and character of the local landscape and seek the appropriate

- restoration and enhancement of the local landscape through the use of planning obligations and conditions.
- 7.6.3 The submitted site plan indicates that the rear gardens would be laid to lawn, with indicative planting beds to the front and sides and to either side of the centrally-positioned access. There are no protected trees within the application site, and while there is a street tree on the pavement in front of the existing dwelling, this is indicated to be retained. It would be appropriate to impose a condition requiring further detail on planting proposals/species/sizes as well as relating to the materials for the hard surfaces within the site should planning permission be forthcoming.

7.7 Sustainability

Acceptable

- 7.7.1 The NPPF requires Local Planning Authorities to adopt proactive strategies to mitigate and adapt to climate change. London Plan and Local Plan Policies advocate the need for sustainable development. All new development should address climate change and reduce carbon emissions.
- 7.7.2 Local Plan Policy 123 states that all applications for development should demonstrate how the principles of sustainable design and construction have been taken into account.
- 7.7.3 The application has been submitted with a Renewable and Low Carbon Statement which sets out the ways in which the proposals would achieve the objectives within the NPPF, including with regards to thermal performance/efficiency, ventilation, and drainage. If planning permission is forthcoming it would be appropriate to impose a compliance condition referencing the statement above.

7.8 Flood Risk and drainage

Acceptable

- 7.8.1 The National Planning Policy Framework states that inappropriate development in areas at risk of flooding should be avoided by directing development away from areas at highest risk but where development is necessary, making it safe without increasing flood risk elsewhere. The Technical Guidance published alongside the Framework details that for these purposes, areas at risk of flooding constitutes land within Flood Zones 2 and 3. The National Planning Policy Guidance also classifies the erection of a new dwelling as a more vulnerable use which requires the application of the Sequential Test, and if required the Exception Test.
- 7.8.2 The application was supported by a Flood Risk Assessment Report and comments from the Environment Agency raise no objections to the proposal subject to detailed conditions associated with mitigation measures and tying the development to the submitted Flood Risk Assessment.
- 7.8.3 The Council's drainage officer has raised no objections to the proposal, having regard to the Sustainable Drainage Report submitted with the application. A planning condition requiring implementation in accordance with this report is recommended should permission be forthcoming.

8. CONCLUSION

- 8.1 Having regard to the above, the proposals are not considered to result in an overdevelopment of the site, nor to have a detrimental impact on the character and appearance of the surrounding area. The development would not have a significant impact on light, outlook or privacy to neighbouring residential properties. Sufficient space is retained for suitable landscaping and the standard of residential accommodation would be acceptable.
- 8.2 While there is local concern regarding the parking and access arrangements and its impact on existing car parking on street in the light of commercial premises within the locality, and the proposal would result in the loss of 1 car parking space, it is not considered that this would be unacceptable in view of the scope of the development including the unit size. It is considered in view of the local context, including the acceptability of the layout of development and the relationship between the site and its surroundings, that the slight overprovision of on-site car parking relative to the London Plan maximum parking standards would not be harmful and would not outweigh the benefit associated with housing supply.
- 8.3 The proposals are considered acceptable with regards to flood risk and drainage matters.
- 8.4 The provision of 4 dwellings on the site where there is one existing residential property would make a minor contribution to meeting the Council's housing targets.
- 8.5 Conditions are recommended to secure an acceptable form of development with regards to technical drainage, flood risk and parking impacts as well as to secure an acceptable form of development which protects the amenities of neighbouring properties and the character/visual amenity of the area.

RECOMMENDATION: Application Permitted

Subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Time limit
- 2. Approved plans
- 3. Details of construction and environmental management plan
- 4. Slab levels
- 5. Construction method statement culverted river
- 6. Landscaping (hard and soft)
- 7. Highways drainage
- 8. Boundary details
- 9. Cycle storage
- 10. Refuse storage
- 11. Car parking compliance (including EVCP)
- 12. Materials as set out in application
- 13. Compliance with FRA

- 14. SUDS compliance
- 15. Low NOx boilers
- 16. Hardstanding for washdown during construction
- 17. Removal of permitted development rights (A/B/C/E)
- 18. No first floor windows

Any other planning condition(s) considered necessary by the Assistant Director of Planning

Informatives

- Contact highways re: laying out of crossover
- Footpath safeguarding
- Contamination contact Environmental Health
- Flood Risk Activity Permit may be required
- CIL
- Street naming and numbering